FRA Grade Crossing Toolkit: LED-enhanced signage

| Measure Name: | LED-enhanced signage |
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| Definition: | Use of LED-enhanced signage to increase grade crossing visibility and discourage unsafe activity. |
| Tags: | |
| Type of Incident: ☐ Non-Moto ☑ Motor Ve ☐ Both | orized Users Only |
| ☐ Education☐ Enforcem | tegy: lication and planning i: outreach and messaging ent: policy development and rulemaking ng: technological and physical deterrents |
| ⊠ Motor Ve | orized Users Violating Warning Devices hicles Violating Warning Devices OW Incursion ongestion crossing |
| ☐ Collabora ☐ Public Col ☐ Physical B ☐ Detection ☐ Infrastruc | Essment Enforcement tion, Training, and Education mmunication sarriers and Lighting ture Modification |
| ☐ Post-Incident Management | |

□ Warning Devices

Description

LED-enhanced signage refers to the installation of light-emitting diode (LED) grade crossing warning and regulatory signs at locations where crossing visibility is reduced, or risk of vehicle congestion is high. These include the Crossbuck (R15-1), DO NOT STOP ON TRACKS (R8-8), Advance Warning Sign (W10-1), STOP (R1-1), and YIELD (R1-2) signs as listed in the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) [1]. LED-enhanced signs are believed to increase driver compliance over non-LED signs, based on multiple studies [2] [3] [4]. Focusing LED-enhanced signage on grade crossing locations with traffic congestion issues that result in vehicles stopping on the tracks can help to improve safety.

LED-enhanced signs can either be set to constantly flashing, as was demonstrated in two recent studies [2] [3], activated at specific times such as from sunset to sunrise or during rush hours, or triggered by a presence detection system [4]. The latter was demonstrated in a field-test of an NYR9-5 sign, which is the New York version of the R8-8 sign, integrated with a laser-triggered queue detection system. In that configuration, the LEDs on the sign illuminated when the laser system detected stopped vehicles downstream from the crossing. The LEDs induced additional attention to the sign from drivers upstream of the crossing to not stop on the tracks.

LED-enhanced signs can be installed by rail carriers at crossings, or by the local roadway authorities on the roadway approaches.

Additional search terms: illumination, congestion

Advantages

- LED-enhanced sign may increase a motorist's ability to see and comply with grade crossing warning signs. [2] [3] [4]
- LED-enhanced Advance Warning Signs and Crossbuck signs may be effective in reducing vehicle speeds at night on approach to passive grade crossings. [2]
- In locations with vehicle congestion issues that result in vehicles stopping on the tracks, LED-enhanced R8-8 signs may offer a low-cost option. [3] [4]
- Signs can be either connected to commercial power or installed in a solar-powered stand-alone configuration.

Drawbacks

• There is the potential for light pollution to affect nearby people and animals.

Notable Practices

- LED-enhanced signs should be implemented when an engineering analysis determines that unsafe conditions such as vehicles stopping on the tracks or vehicles not slowing down ahead of passive crossings regularly occur.
- When considering the implementation of LED-enhanced signs, it is helpful to understand the
 time of day (e.g., daylight/night, peak rush hours) that violations tend to occur. This will inform
 whether continuously flashing signs, those that only flash at specific times, or those that may
 need to be sensor-activated should be used.
- Before installing new LED-enhanced signs, coordinate with nearby communities to ensure that the installation will not be disruptive. [3]

References

[1] Federal Highway Administration. (2023). Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

Excerpt: The purpose of the MUTCD is to establish uniform national criteria for the use of traffic control devices that meet the needs and expectancy of road users on all streets, highways, pedestrian and bicycle facilities, and site roadways open to public travel.

[2] Hellman, A. D., & Lamplugh, A. (2016). <u>Evaluation of LED Sign Technology at a Passive Highway-Rail Grade Crossing</u>. Technical Report No. DOT/FRA/ORD-16/01. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration.

Abstract: The U.S. Department of Transportation's (DOT) John A. Volpe National Transportation Systems Center (Volpe Center), under the direction of DOT's Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) Office of Research, Development, and Technology (ORD), conducted a research study that evaluated the effectiveness of light-emitting diode (LED) regulatory signs at a passive highway-rail grade crossing. In this study, a grade crossing in Swanton, Vermont had its existing Grade Crossing Crossbuck (R15-1) signs and Advance Warning signs (AWSs) (W10-1) replaced with flashing LED-equipped signs. Vehicle speed profiles were measured at four locations on the northbound approach lane of the crossing in three phases: with the original signs prior to any changes at the crossing, after the LED enhanced Crossbuck signs were installed, and after the LED enhanced AWSs were installed. Daytime and night-time data samples were analyzed separately. After the LED enhanced Crossbuck signs were installed, test results showed: 1) a statistically significant decrease of 2.9-3.3 mph in mean vehicle speed at night at the four measurement locations and 2) improvements of 1.5%-2.5% in the rate of mean vehicle speed decrease for both the daytime and nighttime data sets.

[3] Baron, W., and daSilva, M. (2019). <u>Effectiveness of LED-Enhanced Signs in Reducing Incidents of Vehicles Stopping on Tracks</u>. Technical Report No. DOT/FRA/ORD-19/21. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration.

Abstract: The U.S. Department of Transportation Volpe National Transportation Systems Center conducted a study of the effectiveness of LED-enhanced R8-8 signs in reducing incidents of vehicles stopping on the tracks. The researchers captured video at the Brighton Street crossing in Belmont, MA before and after LED-enhanced signs were installed. The signs were standard R8-8 panels that read "DO NOT STOP ON TRACKS," except that they had flashing white LEDs. Signs manufactured by two different

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companies were tested. Results showed the signs produced a 41 percent reduction in frequency of vehicles stopping on the tracks.

[4] Hellman, A. (2021). <u>LED-Enhanced Sign Research to Reduce Vehicle Queuing at Highway-Rail Grade Crossings</u>. Technical Report No. DOT/FRA/ORD-21/07. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration.

Abstract: Researchers studied the effectiveness of an integrated laser-triggered queue detection system/light-emitting-diode (LED)-enhanced "DO NOT STOP ON TRACKS" sign as compared to a baseline version with no lights. Testing was conducted at the Jay Street grade crossing on the Metro-North Railroad in the Village of Katonah, NY. The results of a before-and-after study showed that the number of vehicles stopped in the zonal area of the grade crossing decreased by 26.6 percent from the baseline to the post-installation configurations. A controlled testing program is recommended before a recommendation for wider use can be made.

Additional Resources

U.S. Department of Transportation. (2019). Highway-Rail Crossing Handbook – Third Edition.

Abstract: The purpose of the Highway-Rail Crossing Handbook, 3rd Edition is an information resource developed to provide a unified reference document on prevalent and best practices as well as adopted standards relative to highway-rail grade crossings. The handbook provides general information on highway-rail crossings; characteristics of the crossing environment and users; and physical and operational changes that can be made at crossings to enhance the safety and operation of both highway and rail traffic over such intersections. The guidelines identified and potential alternative improvements presented in this handbook reflect current best practices nationwide

Related Measures

- Crossing illumination
- Dynamic envelope marking
- Pre-signal
- Queue cutter
- Vehicle detection system at crossing

Images



Figure 1. Example of LED-enhanced Advanced Warning sign (W10-1) at a grade crossing in Swanton, VT Image Credit: Volpe Center



Figure 2. Example of LED-enhanced Crossbuck sign (R15-1) at a grade crossing in Swanton, VT Image Credit: Volpe Center



Figure 3. Example of LED-enhanced DO NOT STOP ON TRACKS sign (R8-8) at a grade crossing in Belmont, MA Image Credit: Volpe Center

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Figure 4. Example of LED-enhanced DO NOT STOP ON TRACKS sign (NYR9-5) at a grade crossing in Katonah, NY Image Credit: Volpe Center